



Maryland Department of Education Working Group

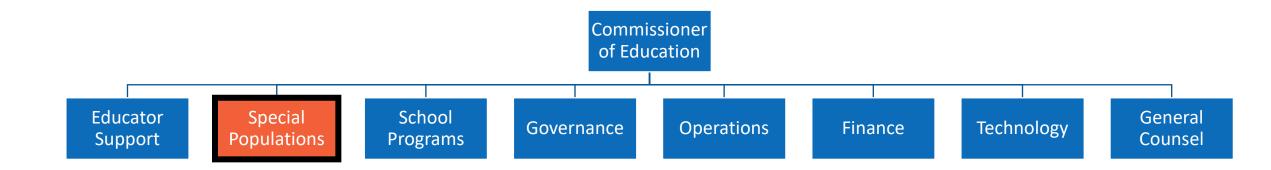
Wednesday, October 27, 2021

Agenda

Brief Introduction to Texas **State Laws & Policies Division Initiatives** Questions



Texas Education Agency Structure





Division of English Learner Support



Julie Lara **Director**



Amy Johnson Bilingual Coordinator



Xóchitl Anabel Rocha
Dual Language Coordinator



Carlene Thomas ESL Coordinator



Rickey Santellana
Title III Coordinator



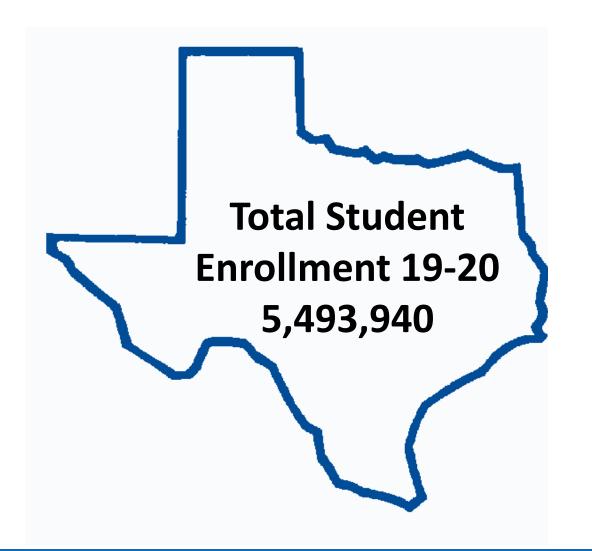
David Miralrio
LEE Public Policy Fellow



Johnny Solis III LEE Public Policy Fellow



Current landscape of English Learners in Texas









Enrollment in Texas Public Schools, 2019-2020, TEA PEIMS Standard Report – ELs by Category and Grade







Texas Laws and Policies

Texas as a pioneer in bilingual education

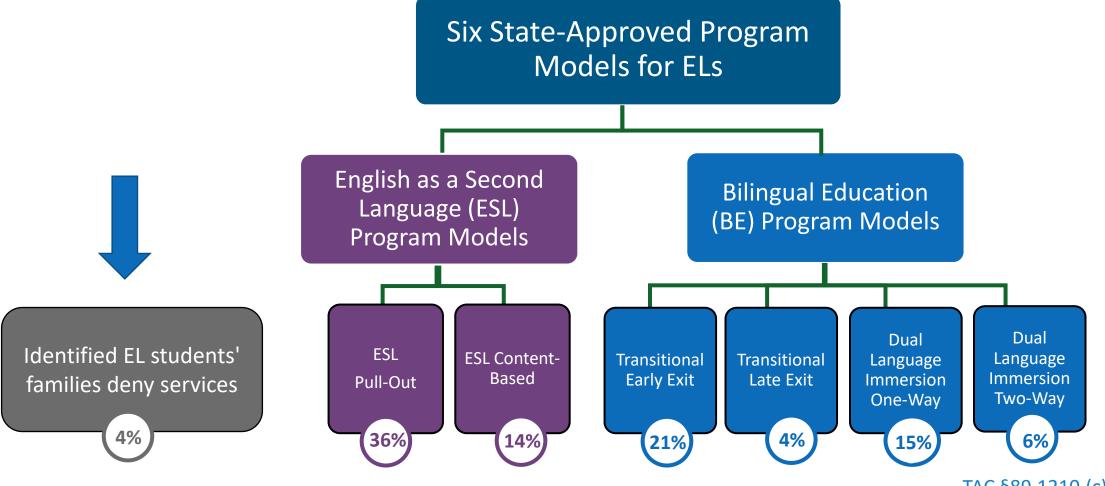
- The Bilingual Education and Training Act became law in 1973, mandating Bilingual Education for grades K-5/6 if an LEA has 20 students in the district with the same language.
- Texas Administrative Code, <u>Chapter 89</u> outlines additional requirements to ensure equal educational opportunities for emergent bilingual students:

It is the policy of the state that every student in the state who has a primary language other than English and who is identified as an English learner shall be provided a full opportunity to participate in a bilingual education or English as a second language (ESL) program, To ensure equal educational opportunity, each school district shall:

seek appropriately certified teaching assess personnel to achievement for ensure that provide bilingual identify English essential education and ESL **English learners** learners based on knowledge and are afforded full programs, as criteria skills to ensure integral parts of opportunity to established by the accountability for the general master the **English learners** state: essential program and the schools knowledge and that serve them skills required by the state; and



Texas Program Models for Serving English Learners



TAC §89.1210 (c) and (d)



HB 3 (2019) Bilingual Education Allotment Key Points



Additional funding (0.05 or \$308) for EB/ English learners and non-EB in a bilingual education program implementing dual language immersion.



55% of BEA funds must be used in providing bilingual education or special language (ESL) programs and spending definitions have been **expanded**.



TEA will expand the tools and resources available for dual language immersion.



Changes to Bilingual Education Allotment



 Funding for any LEP student in any language program
 (0.1 x Basic Allotment for LEP = \$514)

AFTER



- Funding for any LEP students in any language program
 (0.1 x BA for LEP = \$616)
- For LEP students served in a dual language immersion program, additional funding (0.15 x BA for LEP in dual language = \$924)
- For non-LEP students served in a two-way dual language immersion program, additional funding (0.05 x BA for non-LEP = \$308)

87th Texas Legislation Updates

Transitioning to *Emergent Bilingual* in Texas

Texas passed **Senate Bill 2066** replacing the term "Limited English Proficient" with "Emergent Bilingual" in Texas Education Code (TEC) effective September 1, 2021. USDE continues to use the term "English learner" in federal guidance, so either term could be used depending on the context of the guidance or resource. The English Learner Support Division is in the process of drafting revisions to TAC 89 that will include the new terminology as well as other proposed revisions. The Texas Register process does provide a mandatory 30-day comment period for stakeholders to weigh in on the proposed language. TEA will inform stakeholders when the open comment period begins

Strategic Plan for Emergent Bilinguals

Texas passed **Senate Bill 560** which requires TEA to develop a strategic plan for Emergent Bilinguals in coordination with Texas' Higher Education and Workforce Commissions to increase the number of bilingual certified teachers and increase the effective implementation of dual language one-way and two-way programs. The agency is also charged with increasing awareness of the benefits of dual language programs for families and school districts.



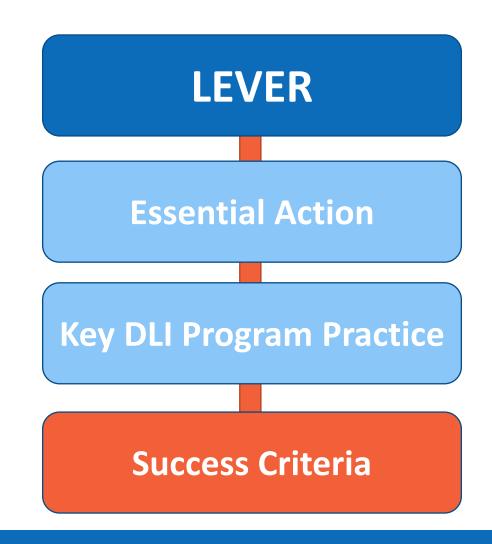




Division Initiatives

The Texas Effective Dual Language Immersion Framework

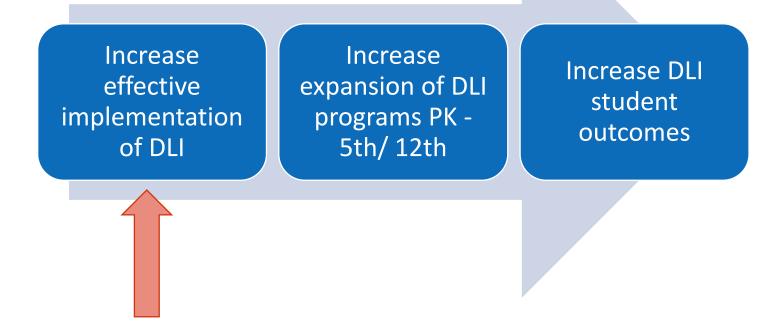




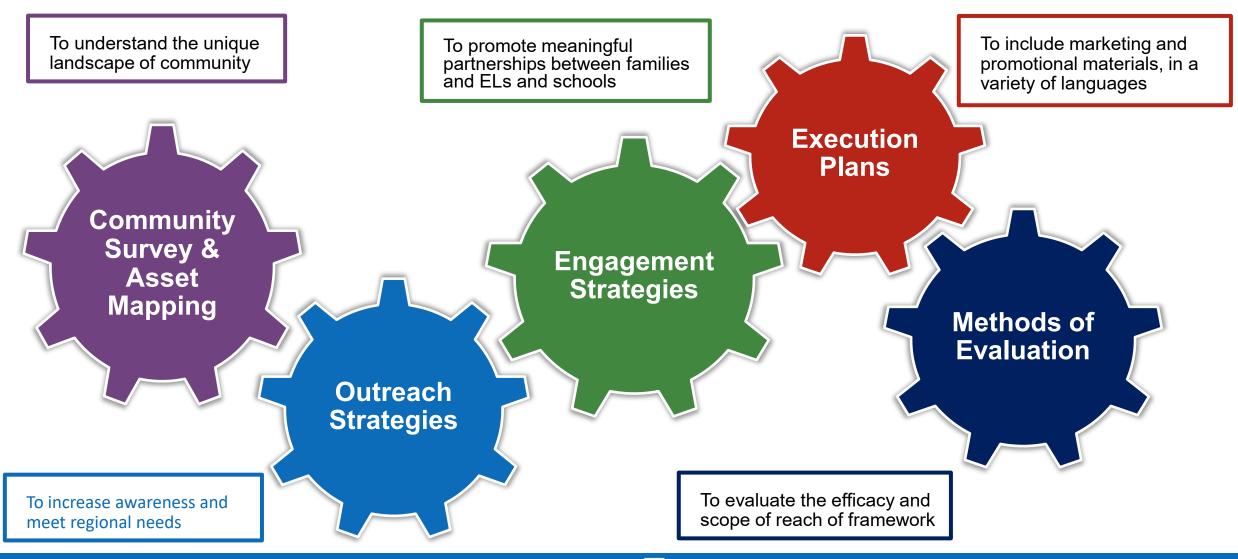


TxEDLIF Pilot

- Year 1 Pilot will begin this 2021-2022 school year.
 - at 15 campuses state-wide



Family Empowerment Initiative – Overview





Family Empowerment Initiative - Update

ESC Region	Percent and number of ELs in the Region	Total # of LEAs in the Region	Spring '22 Pilot EL Empowerment LEAs
ESC 11	17.0% = 104,899	92	4
ESC 6	14.6% = 31,099	66	3
ESC 18	14.2% = 14,714	40	2
ESC 7	12.4% = 22,475	102	2
ESC 20	12.3% = 62,953	90	4
Totals	236,140	390	15

- Public Engagement Specialists (PESs) have been hired in each of the identified regions
- Scope of work for PESs has been determined and began last week
- Pilot recruitment/outreach will begin in late October



Defining Content-Based Language Instruction (CBLI)

- An integrated approach to language instruction in which language is developed within the context of content delivery.
- Applies to all programs for emergent bilingual students (bilingual and ESL).
- Applies to any language of instruction.
- Includes culturally and linguistically sustaining practices (CLSP)







TEA

Communities of Practice & Work Groups

Newcomer Community of Practice Participant Data

Composition

- 49 LEAs
- 11 Regions
- 44 Districts; 5 charters; 1 IHE

Argyle ISD (Smallest)

- 119 EB students
- 2 Immigrant
- 0% of EB are immigrant

Demographics

- 345,916 EB students
- 35,424 Immigrant
- 29,904 EB/Immigrant (9%)

Immigrant Grade Levels

- 59% in elementary (EE Grade 5)
- 41% in secondary (Grades 6 – 12)

Houston ISD (Largest)

- 65,638 EB students
- 9,267 Immigrant
- 13% of EB are immigrant

EB/Immigrant Program

- 33% in bilingual
- 46% in ESL
- 21% under exception/waiver





Biliteracy Instruction in Transitional Programs

Biliteracy Instruction



- Lessons within a unit incorporate both languages
- Explicit connections made between languages
- Students can access knowledge in both languages

10/27/2021

ESC Work Groups

Assessment for Biliteracy in DLI

- Purpose: To generate biliteracy assessment resources to monitor the academic language development in partner language and English across all content areas
- Outcomes:
 - Coaching Guide
 - Spanish Proficiency Tool
 - Targeted PD Sessions

Content-Based Language Instruction (CBLI)

- Purpose: To coordinate the development of a comprehensive CBLI Framework with associated resources and tools
- Outcomes:
 - CBLI Quick Guide
 - CBLI TEALearn Course Modules

Coming

Soon!!

CBLI Framework







ESL CERTIFICATION TRAINING

A new, free online course

MORE
INFORMATION
AVAILABLE AT:
txel.org



REGISTER AT: WWW.txeslprep.org



This free online course accompanies the previously released ESL Certification Training Manual available here





Bilingual Target Language Proficiency Test (BTLPT) 190

- **✔** BTLPT Manual
- ✓ 4 Interactive Modules

Bilingual Supplemental 164

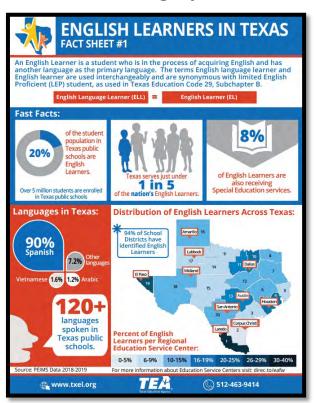
- ✓ Supplemental 164 Manual
- ✓ 4 Interactive Modules

https://www.txel.org/ProfessionalDevelopment

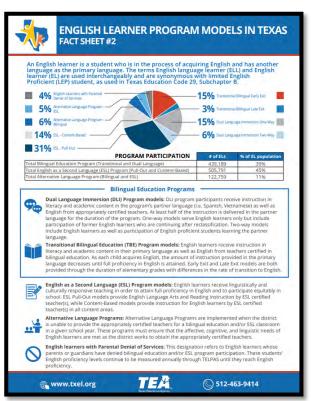


Fact Sheets Regarding English Learners in Texas

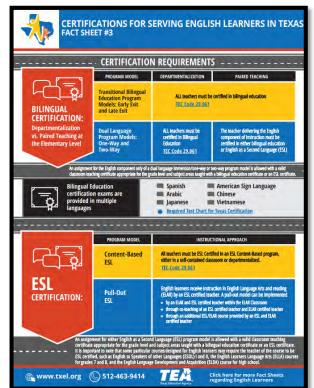
Fact Sheet #1 EL Demographics



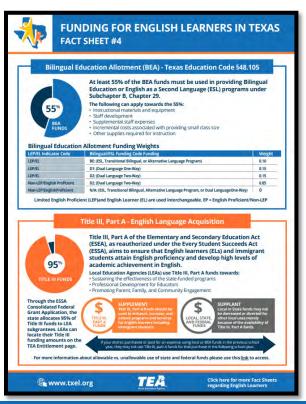
Fact Sheet #2 EL Program Models



Fact Sheet #3
Certification Guidance



Fact Sheet #4
EL Funding Sources







Accessible from a smartphone, tablet, or computer.



TXEL.org

Providing information and resources that are

Relevant, Accessible, and Impactful.



- ✓ Teachers
- ✓ Educational Leaders
- **✓** Families of English Learners
- ✓ English Learners
- **✓ Community Partners**









Q&A





Contact Information

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